



**MUR805
MUR810
MUR815
MUR820**

SWITCHMODE POWER RECTIFIERS

designed for use in switching power supplies, inverters and as free wheeling diodes, these state-of-the-art devices have the following features:

- Ultrafast 35 Nanosecond Recovery Time
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature
- Popular TO-220 Package

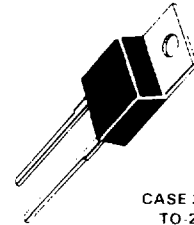
**ULTRAFAST
RECTIFIERS**

**8 AMPERES
50-200 VOLTS**

3

CROSS-REFERENCE GUIDE

MOTOROLA	AMPEREX	GI	UNITRODE	VARO
MUR805	BYW29-50	FE8A	UES1401	VHE1401
MUR810	BYW29-100	FE8B	UES1402	VHE1402
MUR815	BYW29-150	FE8C	UES1403	VHE1403
MUR820	BYW29-200	FE8D		VHE1404



CASE 221B-02
TO-220AC

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	MUR805	MUR810	MUR815	MUR820	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}					
Working Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RWM}	50	100	150	200	Volts
DC Blocking Voltage	V_R					
Average Rectified Forward Current	I_{FAV}	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	Amps
Total Device $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ (Rated V_R)						
Peak Repetitive Forward Current	I_{FRM}	16	16	16	16	Amps
(Rated V_R Square Wave, 20 kHz) $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$						
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current	I_{FSM}	100	100	100	100	Amps
(Surge applied at rated load conditions halfwave single phase 60 Hz)						
Operating Junction Temperature and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +175	65 to -175	65 to -175	65 to -175	°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R_{thJC}	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	°C/W
--	------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	------

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage (1) ($I_F = 8.0$ Amp, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$) ($I_F = 8.0$ Amp, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	V_F	0.395 0.975	0.895 0.975	0.895 0.975	0.895 0.975	Volts
Maximum Instantaneous Reverse Current (1) (Rated dc Voltage, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$) (Rated dc Voltage, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	I_R	250 5.0	250 5.0	250 5.0	250 5.0	μA
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time ($I_F = 1.0$ Amp, $di/dt = 50$ Amp/ μs)	t_{rr}	35	35	35	35	ns

(1) Pulse Test. Pulse Width = 300 μs , Duty Cycle = 2.0%.

MUR805, MUR810, MUR815, MUR820

FIGURE 1 — TYPICAL FORWARD VOLTAGE

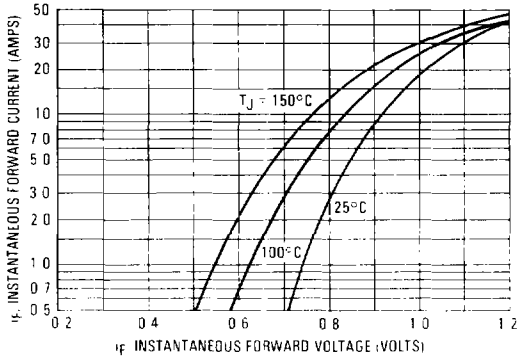


FIGURE 2 — TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT

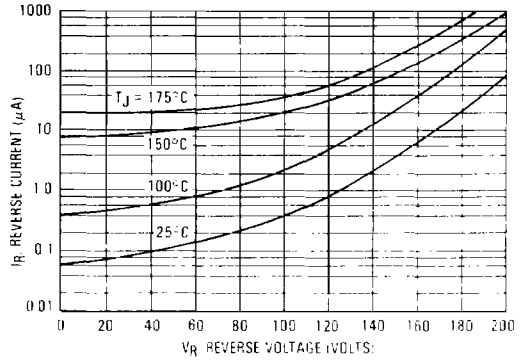


FIGURE 3 — CURRENT DERATING, CASE

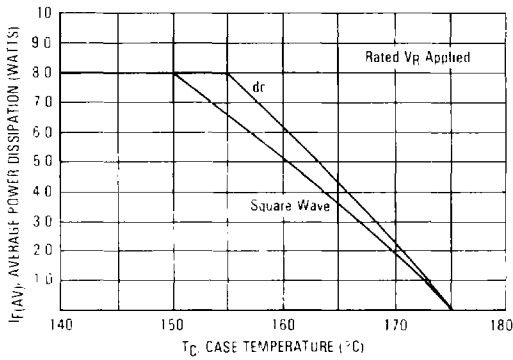


FIGURE 4 — CURRENT DERATING, AMBIENT

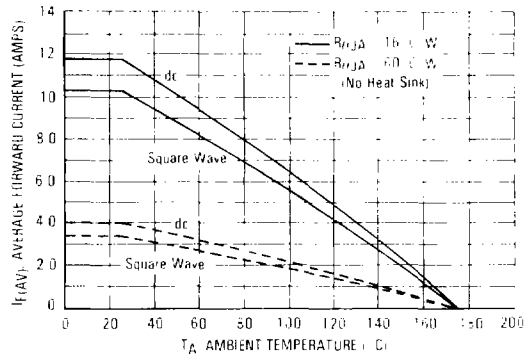
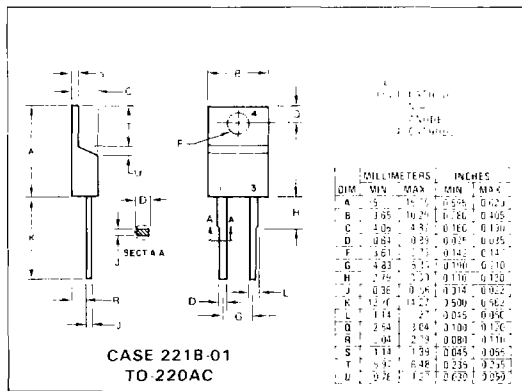
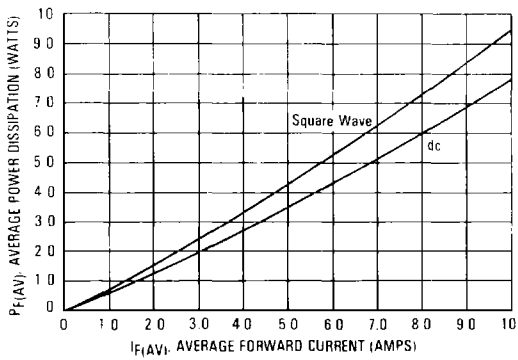


FIGURE 5 — POWER DISSIPATION



3