## Data Sheet



RoHS 6 fully compliant options available; -xxxE denotes a lead-free product

## Description

The HCPL-2533 is a dual channel optocoupler which is specified for use in LSTTL-to-LSTTL and TTL-to-LSTTL logic interfaces. A nominal 8 mA LSTTL sink current through the input LED will provide enough output current for proper operation of 1 LSTTL gate under worst-case conditions when used in the recommended circuits. The CTR of the HCPL-2533 is $15 \%$ minimum at $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}$.

The HCPL-2533 contains a pair of light emitting diodes and integrated photon detectors with a 3000 Vdc withstand test between input and output. Separate connection for the photodiode bias and output transistor collector reduce the base-collector capacitance, giving improved speed compared with conventional phototransistor couplers.

Schematic


## Features

- Data rates to 250 kb/s NRZ
- LSTTL compatible
- High common mode transient immunity:
$>1000 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$
- High density packaging
- Open collection outputs
- Guaranteed performance from temperature:
$0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Safety approval
- UL Recognized - 3750 $\mathrm{V}_{\text {rms }}$ for $1 \mathrm{~min}\left(5000 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {rms }}\right.$ for 1 min Option 020 devices) per UL1577.
- IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2 Approved
- $V_{\text {IORM }}=630 V_{\text {peak }}$ for option 060


## Applications

- High speed logic ground isolation - LSTTL-to-LSTTL and TTL-to-LSTTL
- High voltage isolation
- Analog signal ground isolation


## Ordering Information

HCPL-2533 is UL Recognized with 3750 Vrms and 5000 Vrms (Option 020) for 1 minute per UL1577 and are approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice \#5, File CA 88324.

| Part number | Option |  | Package | Surface <br> Mount | Gull <br> Wing | Tape \& Reel | UL 5000 Vrms/ <br> 1 Minute rating | IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2 | Quantity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RoHS Compliant | Non RoHS Compliant |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCPL-2533 | -000E | No option | $\begin{gathered} 300 \mathrm{mil} \\ \text { DIP-8 } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 50 per tube |
|  | -300E | -300 |  | X | $X$ |  |  |  | 50 per tube |
|  | -500E | -500 |  | X | X | X |  |  | 1000 per reel |
|  | -020E | -020 |  |  |  |  | $X$ |  | 50 per tube |
|  | -320E | -320 |  | $X$ | $X$ |  | $X$ |  | 50 per tube |
|  | -520E | -520 |  | X | X | X | $X$ |  | 1000 per reel |
|  | -060E | -060 |  |  |  |  |  | $X$ | 50 per tube |
|  | -360E | -360 |  | $X$ | $X$ |  |  | $X$ | 50 per tube |
|  | -560E | -560 |  | X | X | X |  | X | 1000 per reel |

To order, choose a part number from the part number column and combine with the desired option from the option column to form an order entry.

Example 1:
HCPL-2533-500E to order product of 300 mil DIP Gull Wing Surface Mount package in Tape and Reel packaging with RoHS compliant.

Example 2:
HCPL-2533 to order product of 300 mil DIP package in tube packaging and non RoHS compliant.
Option datasheets are available. Contact your Avago sales representative or authorized distributor for information.
Remarks: The notation '\#XXX' is used for existing products, while (new) products launched since 15th July 2001 and RoHS compliant option will use'-XXXE'.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Storage Temperature $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Operating Temperature ...................................................................................................................................... $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Lead Solder Temperature ( 1.6 mm below seating plane) .................................................................................. $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 s
Average Input Current - IF (each channel)...................................................................................................................... $25 \mathrm{~mA}^{[1]}$
Peak Input Current - $I_{F}$ (each channel) ( $50 \%$ duty cycle, 1 ms pulse width) ............................................................ $50 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{[2]}$

Reverse Input Voltage - VR (each channel) ............................................................................................................................... 5 V
Input Power Dissipation (each channel) .......................................................................................................................... 45 mW [3]
Average Output Current - IO (each channel) ........................................................................................................................ 8 mA
Peak Output Current - $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ (each channel) ............................................................................................................................ 16 mA

Output Power Dissipation (each channel) ..................................................................................................................... 35 mW [4]

## Notes:

1. Derate linearly above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ free-air temperature at a rate of $0.8 \mathrm{~mA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
2. Derate linearly above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ free-air temperature at a rate of $1.6 \mathrm{~mA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
3. Derate linearly above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ free-air temperature at a rate of $0.9 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
4. Derate linearly above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ free-air temperature at a rate of $1.0 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Solder Reflow Thermal Profile



Note: Non-halide flux should be used.

Recommended Pb-Free IR Profile


Note: Non-halide flux should be used.

## Regulatory Information

The devices contained in this data sheet have been approved by the following organizations:

UL
Recognized under UL 1577, Component Recognition Program, File E55361.

## CSA

Approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice \#5, File CA 88324

IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2
Approved under:
IEC 60747-5-2:1997 + A1:2002
EN 60747-5-2:2001 + A1:2002
DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884 Teil 2):2003-01.
(Option 060 only)

Insulation and Safety Related Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | 8-Pin DIP (300 Mil) Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SO-8 } \\ & \text { Units } \end{aligned}$ | Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum External Air Gap (External Clearance) | L(101) | 7.1 | 4.9 | mm | Measured from input terminals to output to to output terminals, shortest distance through air. |
| Minimum External Tracking (External Creepage) | L(102) | 7.4 | 4.8 | mm | Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance path along body. |
| Minimum Internal Plastic Gap (Internal Clearance) |  | 0.08 | 0.08 | mm | Through insulation distance, conductor to conductor, usually the direct distance between the photoemitter and photodetector inside the optocoupler cavity. |
| Minimum Internal Tracking (Internal Creepage) |  | NA | NA | mm | Measured from input terminals to output terminals, along internal cavity. |
| Tracking Resistance (Comparative Tracking Index) | CTI | 200 | 200 | Volts | DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303 Part 1 |
| Isolation Group |  | IIIa | Illa |  | Material Group (DIN VDE 0110, 1/89, Table 1) |

Option 300 - surface mount classification is Class A in accordance with CECC 00802.

| Description | Symbol | Characteristic HCPL-2533 | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Installation classification per DIN VDE 0110/1.89, Table 1 <br> for rated mains voltage $\leq 150 \mathrm{~V}$ rms <br> for rated mains voltage $\leq 300 \mathrm{~V}$ rms <br> for rated mains voltage $\leq 600 \mathrm{~V}$ rms |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I-IV } \\ & \text { I-III } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Climatic Classification |  | 55/100/21 |  |
| Pollution Degree (DIN VDE 0110/1.89) |  | 2 |  |
| Maximum Working Insulation Voltage | VIORM | 630 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {peak }}$ |
| Input to Output Test Voltage, Method b* <br> $V_{\text {IORM }} \times 1.875=V_{\text {PR }}, 100 \%$ Production Test with $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{m}}=1 \mathrm{sec}$, Partial Discharge $<5 \mathrm{pC}$ | VPR | 1181 | $V_{\text {peak }}$ |
| Input to Output Test Voltage, Method a* <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IORM }} \times 1.5=\mathrm{V}_{\text {PR, }}$, Type and Sample Test, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{m}}=60 \mathrm{sec}$, Partial Discharge $<5 \mathrm{pC}$ | $V_{\text {PR }}$ | 945 | $V_{\text {peak }}$ |
| Highest Allowable Overvoltage <br> (Transient Overvoltage, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ini}}=10 \mathrm{sec}$ ) | VIOTM | 6000 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {peak }}$ |
| Safety Limiting Values <br> (Maximum values allowed in the event of a failure.) <br> Case Temperature <br> Input Current** <br> Output Power** | Ts IS,INPUT Ps,output | $\begin{aligned} & 175 \\ & 230 \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> mA <br> mW |
| Insulation Resistance at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{S}}, \mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~V}$ | RS | $>10^{9}$ | $\Omega$ |

[^0]Note: Isolation characteristics are guaranteed only within the safety maximum ratings, which must be ensured by protective circuits in application.


## Electrical Specifications, LSTTL-to-LSTTL

Over recommended temperature $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ.* | Max. | Units | Test Conditions | Fig. | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Transfer Ratio | CTR | 15 | 22 |  | \% | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 5,6 |
|  |  | 11 | 15 |  | \% | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Logic Low Output Voltage | VoL |  | 0.2 | 0.5 | V | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.7 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | 5 |
| Logic Low Supply Current | ICCL |  | 40 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 1}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 2}=8 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{01}=\mathrm{V}_{02}=\mathrm{Open}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Input Forward Voltage | $V_{F}$ |  | 1.5 | 1.7 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2 | 5 |
| Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage | $\frac{\Delta V_{F}}{\Delta T_{A}}$ |  | -1.6 |  | $\mathrm{mV} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 5 |

*All typicals at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Switching Specifications at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=7.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions | Fig. | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Propagation Delay Time to Logic Low at Output | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ |  | 0.8 | 1.5 | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |  | 4,6 | 10 |
| Propagation Delay Time to Logic High at Output | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ |  | 1.0 | 2.5 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |  | 4,6 | 10 |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic High Level Output | $\mathrm{CM}_{\mathrm{H}}$ |  | 1000 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=10 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{P}}$ | 7 | 9,10 |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic Low Level Output | CML |  | -1000 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {P-P }}$ | 7 | 9,10 |

## Electrical Specifications, TTL-to-LSTTL

Over recommended temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions | Fig. | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Transfer Ratio | CTR | 12 | 18 |  | \% | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 5,6 |
|  |  | 9 | 13 |  | \% | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Logic Low Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ |  | 0.2 | 0.5 | V | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.1 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | 5 |
| Logic Low Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {CCL }}$ |  | 80 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 1}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 2}=16 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{01}=\mathrm{V}_{02}=\text { Open, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Input Forward Voltage | $V_{F}$ |  | 1.5 | 1.7 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2 | 5 |
| Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage | $\frac{\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}}{\Delta \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}}$ |  | -1.6 |  | $\mathrm{mV} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 5 |

*All typicals at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Switching Specifications at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions | Fig. | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Propagation Delay Time to Logic Low at Output | $t_{\text {PHL }}$ |  | 0.3 | 1.5 | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |  | 4,6 | 11 |
| Propagation Delay Time to Logic High at Output | tPLH |  | 1.1 | 2.5 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |  | 4,6 | 11 |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic High Level Output | $\mathrm{CM}_{\mathrm{H}}$ |  | 1000 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=10 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{P}}$ | 7 | 9,11 |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic Low Level Output | CML |  | -1000 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {P-P }}$ | 7 | 9,11 |

## Electrical Specifications

Over recommended temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ.* | Max. | Units | Test Conditions | Fig. | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logic High Output Current | IOH |  | 0.5 |  | nA | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 1}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 2}=0 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O} 1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O} 2}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 5 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | 50 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 1}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 2}=\mathrm{mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O} 1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O} 2}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | 5 |
| Logic High <br> Supply Current | ICCH |  | 0.05 | 4 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 1}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F} 2}=0 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O} 1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O} 2}=\mathrm{Open}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | 5 |  |  | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=10 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 5 |
| Input Capacitance | $\mathrm{Cl}_{\text {IN }}$ |  | 60 |  | pF | $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 5 |
| Input-Output Insulation Leakage Current | $\mathrm{I}_{1-\mathrm{O}}$ |  |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 45\% Relative Humidity, $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}=5 \mathrm{~s} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{O}}=3000 \mathrm{Vdc}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | 7 |
| Resistance (Input-Output) | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{l}-\mathrm{O}}$ |  | $10^{12}$ |  | $\Omega$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |  | 7 |
| Capacitance (Input-Output) | $\mathrm{Cl}_{1-\mathrm{O}}$ |  | 0.6 |  | pF | $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 7 |
| Input-Input Insulation Leakage Current | 1 I-I |  | 0.005 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 45\% Relative Humidity, $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}=5 \mathrm{~s} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{I}}=500 \mathrm{Vdc} \end{aligned}$ |  | 8 |
| Resistance (Input-Input) | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{l}-\mathrm{I}}$ |  | $10^{11}$ |  | $\Omega$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1-1}=500 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |  | 8 |
| Capacitance (Input-Input) | $\mathrm{Cl}_{1-1}$ |  | 0.25 |  | pF | $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 8 |

${ }^{*}$ All typicals at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Notes:

5. Each channel.
6. Current Transfer Ratio is defined as the ratio of output collector current, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$, to the forward LED input current, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}$, times $100 \%$.
7. Device considered a two-terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3, and 4 shorted together and Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 shorted together.
8. Measured between pins 1 and 2 shorted together, and pins 3 and 4 shorted together.
9. Common mode transient immunity in Logic High level is the maximum tolerable (positive) $\mathrm{dV}_{\mathrm{CM}} / \mathrm{dt}$ on the leading edge of the common mode pulse $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}$, to assure that the output will remain in a Logic High state (i.e., $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}>2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ ). Common mode transient immunity in Logic Low level is the maximum tolerable (negative) $\mathrm{dV}_{\mathrm{CM}} / \mathrm{dt}$ on the trailing edge of the common mode pulse signal, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}$, to assure that the output will remain in a Logic Low state (i.e., $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ ).
10. The 7.5 k load represents 1 LSTTL unit load of 0.36 mA and a $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up resistor.
11. The 4.7 k load represents 1 LSTTL unit load of 0.36 mA and an $8.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up resistor.


Figure 1. Current transfer ratio vs. input current


Figure 4. Propagation delay vs. temperature


Figure 6. Switching test circuit


Figure 7. Test circuit for transient immunity and typical waveforms

A) TYPICAL NON-INVERTING CIRCUIT


Figure 8. Recommended circuits

## Recommended Operation

The HCPL-2533 optocoupler is specified for use in LSTTL-to-LSTTL and TTL-to-LSTTL interfaces. The recommended circuits show the interface design and give suggested component values. The input current $I_{F}$ is given as both a nominal value and a range. The range in $I_{F}$ results from the tolerances in $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and the input resistor $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{IN}}$. The CTR of the optocoupler is given as the minimum
initial value over temperature, taken directly from the Electrical Specifications. The value given for $\mathrm{IOL}_{\mathrm{OL}}(\mathrm{min})$ is based on the minimum CTR and the minimum $I_{F}$ using worst case values for $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. The resulting $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ (min) has ample design margin, allowing more than $20 \%$ for CTR degradation even under these worst case conditions. For additional information on CTR degradation see Application Note 1002.

Recommended Circuit Design Parameters


## Notes:

12. The inverting circuit has higher power consumption and must use open collector gates on the input.
13. The load resistor $R_{L}$ must be large enough to guarantee logic LOW and small enough to guarantee logic HIGH under worst case conditions:

$$
\frac{V_{\mathrm{CC}}(\max )-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}}{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}(2533)-\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IL}}(\mathrm{~B})} \quad \leq \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}} \leq \frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}(\min )-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}(\mathrm{~B})}{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}(2533)-\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IH}}(\mathrm{~B})}
$$

The selection of $R_{L}$ is the same for both inverting and non-inverting circuits.
14. The maximum current sink required for logic LOW is:

$$
\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}(\max )=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IL}}(\mathrm{~B})(\max )+\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}(\max )
$$

where $I_{R}$ is the current through $R_{L}$.
15. The ratio of $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}(\min )$ to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}(\max )$ gives the design margin for CTR degradation. See Application Note 1002.
16. The maximum data rate is defined as:

$$
f_{D}=\frac{1}{t_{P H L}+t_{P L H}} \quad \text { bits/second NRZ }
$$

# Mouser Electronics 

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[^0]:    * Refer to the optocoupler section of the Isolation and Control Components Designer's Catalog, under Product Safety Regulations section, IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2, for a detailed description of Method a and Method b partial discharge test profiles.
    ** Refer to the following figure for dependence of $P_{S}$ and $I_{S}$ on ambient temperature.

