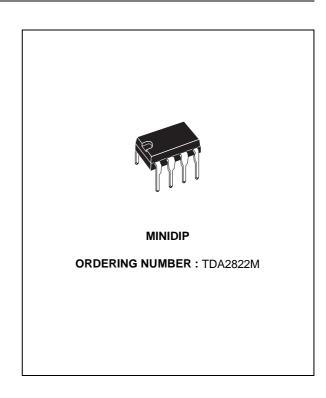




## **DUAL LOW-VOLTAGE POWER AMPLIFIER**

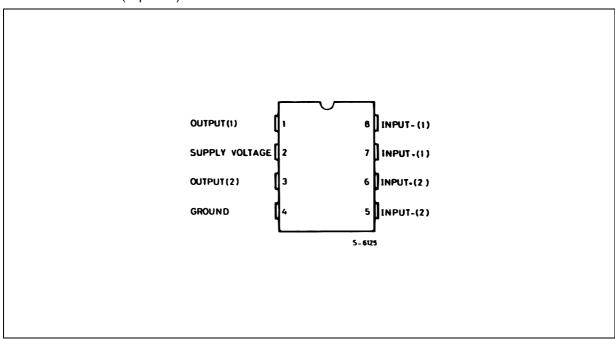
- SUPPLY VOLTAGE DOWN TO 1.8V
- LOW CROSSOVER DISTORSION
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT
- BRIDGE OR STEREO CONFIGURATION



#### **DESCRIPTION**

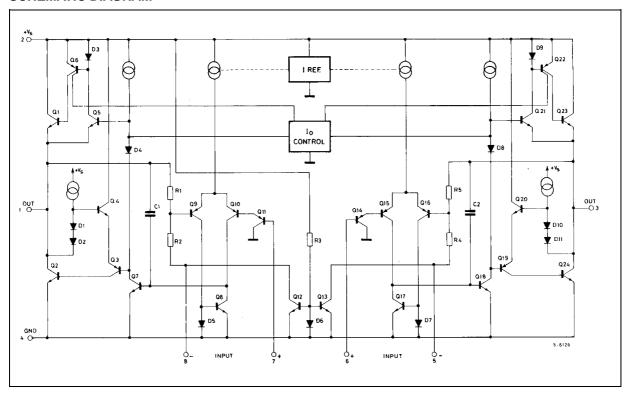
The TDA2822M is a monolithic integrated circuit in 8 lead Minidip package. It is intended for use as dual audio power amplifier in portable cassette players and radios.

#### PIN CONNECTION (Top view)



September 2003

#### **SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**



### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vs	Supply Voltage	15	٧
Io	Peak Output Current	1	Α
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total Power Dissipation at T <sub>amb</sub> = 50 °C at T <sub>case</sub> = 50 °C	1 1.4	W
$T_{stg}$ , $T_j$	Storage and Junction Temperature	- 40, <b>+</b> 150	°C

#### THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>th j-amb</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient Ma	ax. 100	°C/W
R <sub>th j-case</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-pin (4)	ax. 70	°C/W

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## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_S = 6V$ , $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
TEREO (	test circuit of Figure 1)					
Vs	Supply Voltage		1.8		15	V
Vo	Quiescent Output Voltage			2.7		V
-	Ovice cost Desire Comment	$V_s = 3V$		1.2	0	V
l <sub>d</sub>	Quiescent Drain Current Input Bias Current			6 100	9	mA nA
I <sub>b</sub>	Output Power (each channel)		+	100		mW
Po	(f = 1kHz, d = 10%)	$\begin{array}{lll} R_L = 32\Omega & V_S = 9V \\ & V_S = 6V \\ & V_S = 4.5V \\ & V_S = 3V \\ & V_S = 2V \\ R_L = 16\Omega & V_S = 6V \\ R_L = 8\Omega & V_S = 9V \\ & V_S = 6V \\ R_L = 4\Omega & V_S = 6V \\ & V_S = 4.5V \\ & V_S = 3V \end{array}$	90 15 170 300 450	300 120 60 20 5 220 1000 380 650 320 110		mvv
d	Distortion (f = 1kHz)	$R_L = 32\Omega$ $P_o = 40 \text{mW}$ $R_L = 16\Omega$ $P_o = 75 \text{mW}$ $R_L = 8\Omega$ $P_o = 150 \text{mW}$		0.2 0.2 0.2		% % %
Gv	Closed Loop Voltage Gain	f = 1kHz	36	39	41	dB
$\Delta G_{V}$	Channel Balance				± 1	dB
Ri	Input Resistance	f = 1kHz	100			kΩ
e <sub>N</sub>	Total Input Noise	$R_s = 10k\Omega$ B = Curve A B = 22Hz to 22kHz		2 2.5		μV μV
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	$f = 100Hz$ , $C1 = C2 = 100\mu F$	24	30		dB
Cs	Channel Separation	f = 1kHz		50		dB
RIDGE (t	test circuit of Figure 2)					
Vs	Supply Voltage		1.8		15	V
I <sub>d</sub>	Quiescent Drain Current	R <sub>L</sub> = ∞		6	9	mA
Vos	Output Offset Voltage (between the outputs)	$R_L = 8\Omega$			± 50	mV
l <sub>b</sub>	Input Bias Current			100		nA
P <sub>o</sub>	Output Power (f = 1kHz, d = 10%)	$R_{L} = 32\Omega \qquad \begin{array}{c} V_{S} = 9V \\ V_{S} = 6V \\ V_{S} = 4.5V \\ V_{S} = 3V \\ V_{S} = 2V \\ R_{L} = 16\Omega \qquad V_{S} = 9V \\ V_{S} = 6V \\ V_{S} = 3V \\ \end{array}$	320 50 900	1000 400 200 65 8 2000 800 120		mW
۸	Distortion	$R_{L} = 8\Omega \qquad V_{S} = 6V \\ V_{S} = 4.5V \\ V_{S} = 3V \\ V_{S} = 3V \\ V_{S} = 2V$	200	1350 700 220 1000 350 80		0/
d	Distortion	$P_0 = 0.5W, R_L = 8\Omega, f = 1kHz$	1	0.2		% 4P
G <sub>∨</sub>	Closed Loop Voltage Gain	f = 1kHz	100	39		dB
R <sub>i</sub> e <sub>N</sub>	Input Resistance Total Input Noise	$ \begin{array}{c c} f = 1kHz \\ \hline R_S = 10k\Omega & B = Curve \ A \\ B = 22Hz \ to \ 22kHz \\ \end{array} $	100	2.5		kΩ μV
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	f = 100Hz	+	40		μV dB
OVIX	Cappiy Voltage Mejection	1 - 100112	l	-0	l	uD.

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Figure 1 : Test Circuit (Stereo)

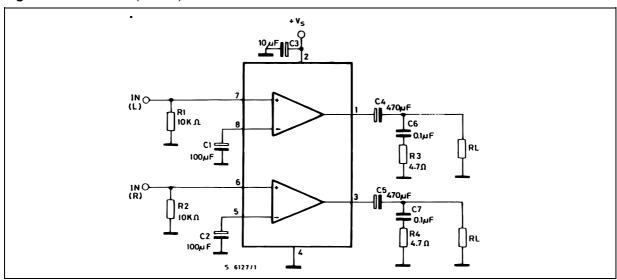
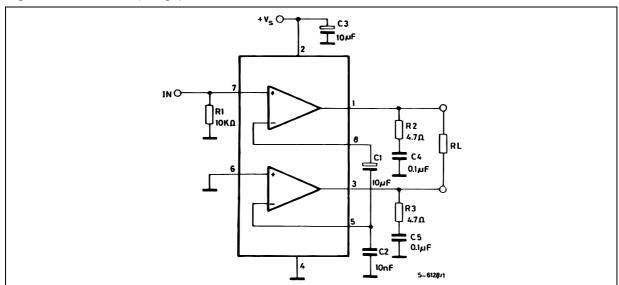
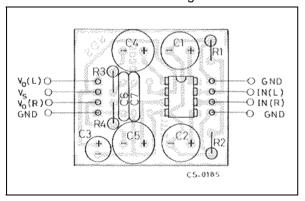


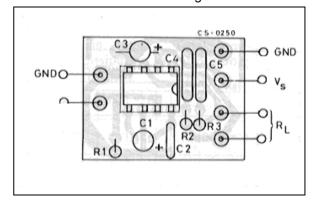
Figure 2 : Test Circuit (Bridge)



**Figure 3 :** P.C. Board and Components Layout of the Circuit of Figure 1



**Figure 4 :** P.C. Board and Components Layout of the Circuit of Figure 2



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**Figure 5 :** Quiescent Current versus Supply Voltage

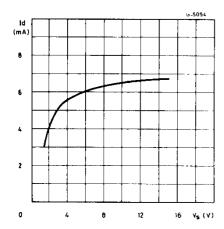
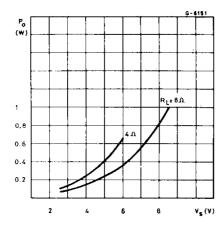
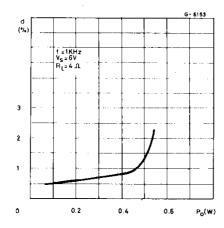


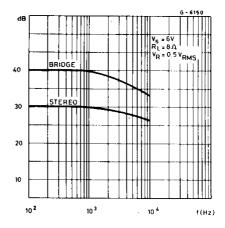
Figure 7 : Output Power versus Supply Voltage (THD = 10%, f = 1kHz Stereo)



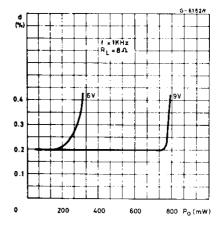
**Figure 9 :** Distorsion versus Output Power (Stereo)



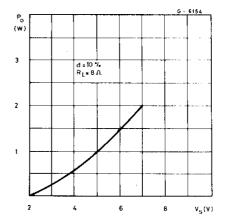
**Figure 6 :** Supply Voltage Rejection versus Frequency



**Figure 8 :** Distorsion versus Output Power (Stereo)



**Figure 10 :** Output Power versus Supply Voltage (Bridge)



**Figure 11 :** Distorsion versus Output Power (Bridge)

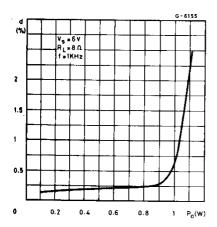
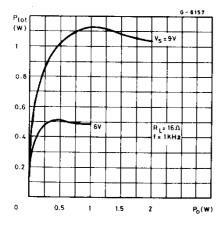
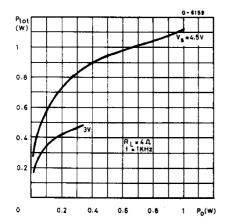


Figure 13: Total Power Dissipation versus Output Power (Bridge)



**Figure 15 :** Total Power Dissipation versus Output Power (Bridge)



**Figure 12 :** Total Power Dissipation versus Output Power (Bridge)

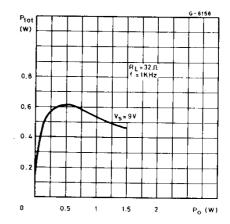
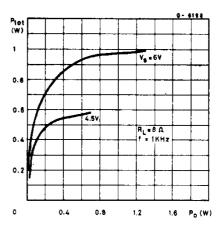


Figure 14: Total Power Dissipation versus Output Power (Bridge)



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Figure 16: Typical Application in Portable Players

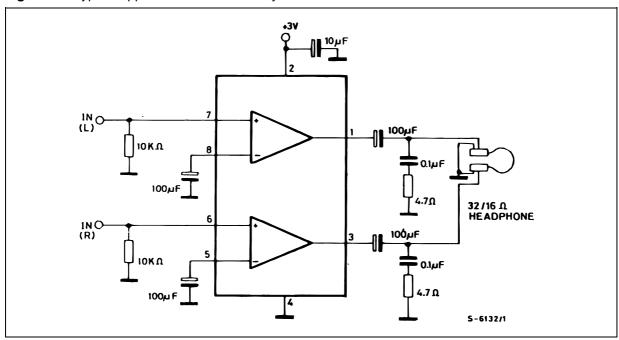


Figure 17: Application in Portable Radio Receivers

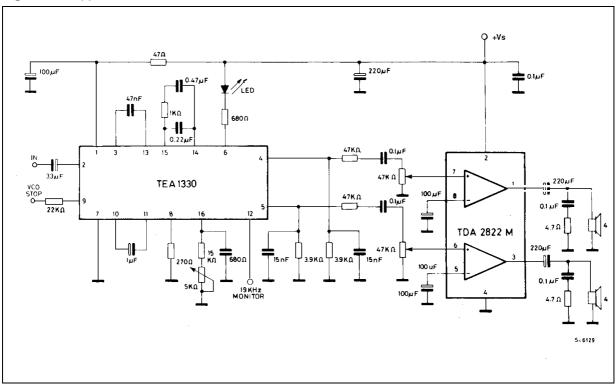


Figure 18: Portable Radio Cassette Players

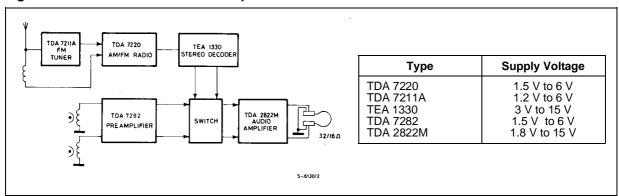


Figure 19: Portable Stereo Radios

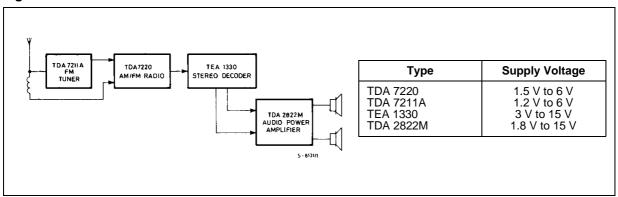
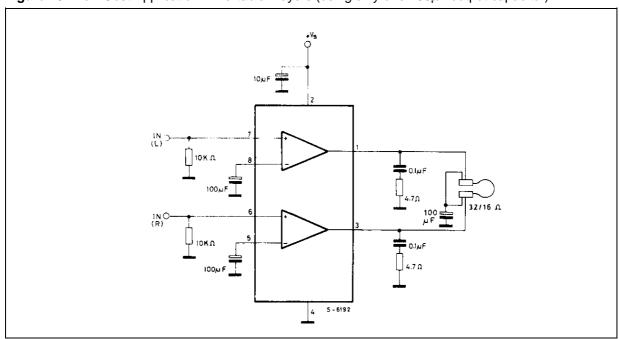


Figure 20 : Low Cost Application in Portable Players (using only one 100μF output capacitor)



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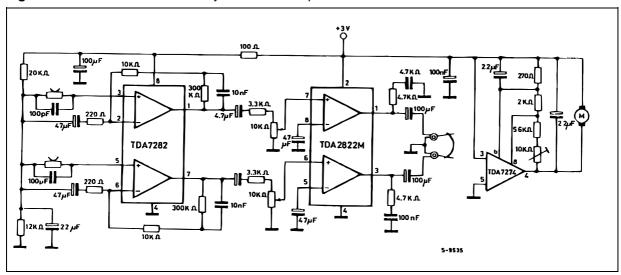
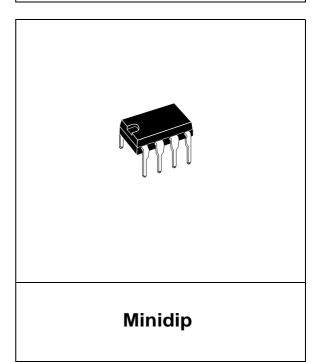
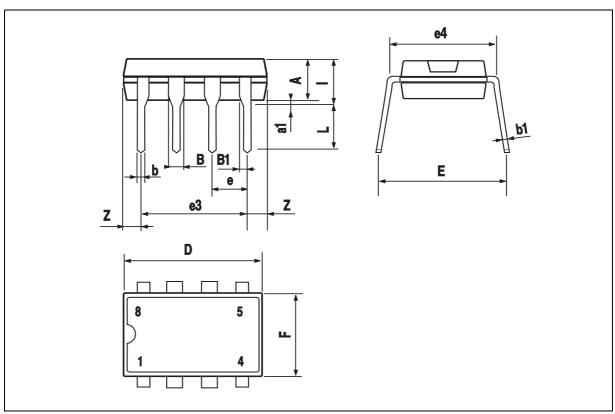


Figure 21: 3V Stereo Cassette Player with Motot Speed Control

DIM.	mm			inch		
DIM.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А		3.32			0.131	
a1	0.51			0.020		
В	1.15		1.65	0.045		0.065
b	0.356		0.55	0.014		0.022
b1	0.204		0.304	0.008		0.012
D			10.92			0.430
E	7.95		9.75	0.313		0.384
е		2.54			0.100	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4		7.62			0.300	
F			6.6			0.260
I			5.08			0.200
L	3.18		3.81	0.125		0.150
Z			1.52			0.060

# OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA





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